## for DC currents or DC voltages

## $\mathcal{E}_{0102} \varepsilon_{x}$ II(1)G

## Application

The alarm unit SINEAX C402 (Figures 1 and 2) is normally applied to monitor the limits of both current and voltage measurements. The status of the device is signalled remotely by a relay and locally by LED's. The electrical insulation between input, output relay contacts and the power supply conforms to IEC 1010. The value detected by the alarm unit is set on a potentiometer and measured at test sockets on the front of the unit.

The alarm unit fulfils all the important requirements and regulations concerning electromagnetic compatibility EMC and Safety (IEC 1010 resp. EN 61 010). It was developed and is manufactured and tested in strict accordance with the quality assurance standard ISO 9001/ EN 29001.

Production QA is also certified according to guideline 94/9/EG.

## Features / Benefits

- With 2 alarm circuits
- 2 heavy current relay outputs with 1 or 2 changeover contacts each, acc. to housing version S17 or S35
- Analogous trip point adjusted by 12 -turn potentiometer, adjusted trip point measurable on test sockets $0 \ldots 1 \mathrm{~V}$ 气 $0 \ldots 100 \%$
- Sense of relay action and associated LED's switchable by jumpers
- Electrical insulation between measuring input, contact outputs and power supply / Fulfils EN 61010
- Non-standard user-specific ranges available
- AC/DC power supply / Universal
- Available in type of protection "Intrinsic safety" [EEx ia] IIC (see "Table 5: Data on explosion protection")
- Provision for either snapping the alarm unit onto top-hat rails or securing it with screws to a wall or panel


Fig. 1. SINEAX C 402-1 with 2 relay outputs with 1 changeover contact each, in housing S17 clipped onto a top-hat rail.


Fig. 2. SINEAX C 402-4 with 2 relay outputs with 2 changeover contacts each, in housing S35 screw hole mounting brackets pulled out.

## SINEAX C 402

Alarm unit

## Technical data

Measuring input $\Theta$
DC current:

DC voltage:

Overload capacity:

Standard ranges
$0 . . .20 \mathrm{~mA}, 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$
Limits
$0 . . .0 .1$ to $0 . . .50 \mathrm{~mA}$
also live zero,
initial value $>0$ to $\leq 50 \%$ of end value
$-0.1 \ldots 0 \ldots+0.1$ to
$-50 . . .0 \ldots+50 \mathrm{~mA}$
also bipolar asymmetric
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{i}}=15 \Omega$
Standard ranges
$0 . . .10 \mathrm{~V}, 2 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$
Limits
$0 . . .0 .06$ to $0 \ldots .40$, Ex max. 30 V also live zero,
initial value $>0$ to $\leq 50 \%$ of end value
$-0.06 \ldots 0 \ldots+0.06$ to
$-40 \ldots 0 \ldots+40 \mathrm{~V}$,
Ex max. - 30...0...+ 30 V
$R_{i}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
DC current
continuously 2 -fold
DC voltage
continuously 2 -fold

## Contact outputs A1/A2

SINEAX in housing S17: 2 relay outputs,
1 potentialfree changeover contact per trip point

SINEAX in housing S35:

Trip point type:

Trip point adjustment:

Hysteresis:

Energizing and de-
energizing delays:

Sense of relay action:

Display of switching state:

Contact rating:

## Power supply $\mathbf{H} \rightarrow$

AC/DC module ( DC and $45 \ldots 400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )
Table 1: Nominal voltages and tolerance

| Nominal voltage $U_{N}$ | Tolerance | Instruments version |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 24 \ldots . .60 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{DC} / \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DC }-15 \ldots+33 \% \\ & \text { AC } \pm 15 \% \end{aligned}$ | Standard (Non-Ex) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 85 \ldots . .230 V^{1} \\ & \text { DC / AC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 24 \ldots 60 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{DC} / \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & D C-15 \ldots+33 \% \\ & A C \pm 15 \% \end{aligned}$ | Type of protection "Intrinsic safety" [EEx ia] IIC |
| $\begin{aligned} & 85 \ldots 230 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $\pm 10 \%$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 85 \ldots . .110 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{DC} \end{aligned}$ | -15...+ 10\% |  |

Power consumption: $\leq 1.2 \mathrm{~W}$ resp. $\leq 3 \mathrm{VA}$
Accuracy data (acc. to DIN/EC 770)
Reference conditions:
Ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \pm 1 \mathrm{~K}$
Accuracy of the pick-up value:

Max. $\pm 1 \%$
Repeatability of the setting:

Temperature influence: $< \pm 0.1 \%$ per 10 K

[^0]
## Installation data

Mechanical design:

Material of housing:

Mounting:

Position of use:
Electrical terminals:

Seismic test:
Shock:

Weight:

## Electrical insulation:

Housing S17 resp. S35
Dimensions see Section "Dimensional drawings"
Lexan 940 (polycarbonate) Flammability Class V-O acc. to UL 94, self-extinguishing, non-dripping, free of halogen

For snapping onto top-hat rail $(35 \times 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ or $35 \times 7.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) acc. to EN 50022
or
directly onto a wall or panel using the pull-out screw hole brackets
Any
DIN/VDE 0609
Screw terminals with wire guards, for light PVC wiring and max. $2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $1 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
2 g acc. to EN 60 068-2-6
50 g ,
3 shocks in each of 6 directions acc. to EN 60 068-2-27
Housing S17, approx. 180 g
Housing S35, approx. 220 g
All circuits (measuring input / contact outputs / power supply) electrically insulated

## Regulations

Electromagnetic compatibility:

Intrinsically safe:
Protection (acc. to IEC 529
resp. EN 60 529):
Electrical standards:
Operating voltages:
Contamination level:
Overvoltage category acc. to IEC 664:

Double insulation:

## Test voltage:

The standards DIN EN 50081 -2 and DIN EN 50 082-2 are observed
Acc. to EN 50 020: 1996-04

Housing IP 40
Terminals IP 20
Acc. to IEC 1010 resp. EN 61010
$<300 \mathrm{~V}$ between all insulated circuits
2

III for power supply
II for measuring input and contact
output

- Power supply versus all other circuits
- Measuring output versus output contacts
$50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min}$. acc. to DIN EN 61 010-1
2300 V, Input versus outputs and outputs versus each other
3700 V, Power supply versus all circuits


## Environmental conditions

| Climatic rating: | Climate class $3 Z$ acc. to <br> VDI/VDE 3540 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Commissioning <br> temperature: | -10 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Operating temperature: $\quad-25$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Ex $-\mathbf{2 0}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Table 2: SINEAX alarm units in housing S17 as standard versions

Measuring input set to $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ resp. $0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ - acc. to external connection - (plug-in jumper J1 in position B2). Any of the standard ranges simply selected by positioning plug-in jumpers J1. Quoting the order No. is sufficient when ordering:

## Instruments in standard (non-Ex) version

| Standard input signals | Contact outputs A1 / A2 | Power supply | Order Code | Order No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 2 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | ```2 relay outputs with 1 changeover contact each``` | $24 . . .60$ V DC/AC | 402-1102 | 128646 |
|  |  | $85 . .230 \mathrm{~V}$ DC/AC | 402-1202 | 128654 |

## SINEAX C 402

## Alarm unit

## Instruments in [EEx ia] IIC version, (input intrinsically safe)

| Standard <br> input signals | Contact outputs A1 / A2 | Power supply | Order <br> Code | Order <br> No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 2 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2 relay outputs <br> with <br> 1 changeover contact each | $85 \ldots 110 \mathrm{VDC/}$ <br> $85 \ldots 230 \mathrm{VAC}$ | $402-1402$ | 128670 |
|  |  | $402-1302$ | 128662 |  |

Please complete the Order Code 402-1. $\qquad$ according to Table 4 for versions with user-specific configuration.

## Table 3: SINEAX alarm units in housing S35 as standard versions

Measuring input set to $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ resp. $0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ - acc. to external connection - (plug-in jumper J1 in position B2). Any of the standard ranges simply selected by positioning plug-in jumpers J 1 . Quoting the order No. is sufficient when ordering:

## Instruments in standard (non-Ex) version

| Standard <br> input signals | Contact outputs A1 / A2 | Power supply | Order <br> Code | Order <br> No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 2 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2 relay outputs <br> with <br> 2 changeover contacts each | $24 \ldots 60 \mathrm{VDC} / \mathrm{AC}$ | $402-4103$ | 128729 |
|  | $85 \ldots 230 \mathrm{~V}$ DC/AC | $402-4203$ | 128737 |  |

## Instruments in version [EEx ia] IIC (input intrinsically safe)

| Standard <br> input signals | Contact outputs A1/A2 | Power supply | Order <br> Code | Order <br> No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 2 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2 relay outputs <br> with <br> 2 changeover contacts each | $85 \ldots 110 \mathrm{VDC/}$ <br> $85 \ldots 230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ | $402-4403$ | 128753 |

Please complete the Order Code $402-4 \ldots$.... .. according to Table 4 for versions with user-specific configuration.

## Basic configuration of the standard versions

| For functional control: | Trip point GW1 set to 30\%, GW2 set to 70\%. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hysteresis: | $1 \%$ |
| Energizing and deenergizing delays: | 0.2 s |

Further details for switching function (trip point type), sense of relay action and LED's see on the next page!

## Basic configuration of the standard versions

Switching function (trip point type)

| Trip point | Switching function (trip point type) | Jumpers |  | Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ST 2 | ST 6 |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { ए2 } \\ \text { GW } 2 \end{gathered}$ | higher |  | $-\quad \square$ <br> $\square$ | a |
| $\begin{gathered} \quad \mathbb{1} \\ \text { GW } 1 \end{gathered}$ | lower | 45 |  | b |

## Sense of relay action

| Operating status | Relay | Operating | Jumpers |  | Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | sense | J4 | J8 |  |
| Safe condition | $\begin{gathered} \quad{ }^{12} \\ \text { GW } 2 \end{gathered}$ | Relay energized |  | \| | b |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \quad \pi 1 \\ \text { GW } 1 \end{gathered}$ |  | \| |  | b |

## Operating sense of LED's

| Operating status | LED's | Operating | Jumpers <br> J 5 J 9 |  | Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | sense |  |  |  |
| Alarm condition | $\begin{gathered} \quad \begin{array}{c}  \\ \text { GW } 2 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LED } \\ & \text { lit-up } \end{aligned}$ |  | \| | b |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \quad \pi 1 \\ \text { GW } 1 \end{gathered}$ |  | 1 <br> -5 |  | b |

Arrangement of the jumpers on PCB and further details for the configuration see section "Configuration" and Fig. 4.

Table 4: Coding of the variants (see also "Table 2 and 3: Standard versions")


## SINEAX C 402

Alarm unit


[^1]
## Table 5: Data on explosion protection $\left.\varepsilon_{x}\right\rangle$ II (1) G

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Order } \\ \text { Code }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Type of } \\ \text { protection }\end{array} & \text { Input } & \text { Output } & \text { Type examination certificate }\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Mounting location } \\ \text { of the instrument }\end{array}\right]$

## Configuration

The instrument has to be opened before it can be configured.

## Input standard ranges

The measuring output can be configured by inserting the plug-in jumper J1 in position "B1, B2 or B3".

| Measuring input $\oplus$ | Plug-in jumper J1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4... $20 \mathrm{~mA} / 2 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| 0 ... $20 \mathrm{~mA} / 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\square$ $\square$ <br>  $\square$ <br>  $\square$ |
| $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |

Type of measuring input (current or voltage signal)
Choice of terminals determines whether the alarm unit input monitors a current or a voltage.

| Measuring input $\oplus$ | Terminals |
| :--- | :--- |
| Current $[\mathrm{mA}]$ | $1-$ <br>  <br> Voltage $[\mathrm{V}]$ |

## Switching function (trip point type)

The positions of the plug-in jumpers ST 2 and ST 6 determine the operating mode of the alarm unit (minimum or maximum limit).

| Trip point | Trip point type | Plug-in jumpers |  | Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ST 2 | ST 6 |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \quad{ }^{-2} \\ \text { GW } 2 \end{gathered}$ | higher |  | $-\square$ <br> $\square$ | a |
|  | lower |  | 5 | b |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbb{W 1} \\ \text { GW } 1 \end{gathered}$ | higher |  |  | a |
|  | lower | $5 \square$ |  | b |

## SINEAX C 402 <br> Alarm unit

## Sense of relay action

The sense of relay action can be set with the aid of plug-in jumpers J4 and J8.

| Operating status | Relay | Operating sense | Jumpers |  | Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | J4 | J8 |  |
| Alarm condition | GW 2 | Relay energized |  | - | a |
| Safe condition |  |  |  | \| | b |
| Alarm condition | GW 1 |  |  |  | a |
| Safe condition |  |  | - |  | b |

## Operating sense of LED's

The operating sense can be set with the aid of plug-in jumpers J5 and J9.

| Operating |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| status | LED's | Operating |
| :--- |
| sense |



Fig. 4. Position of the plug-in jumpers, potentiometers, test sockets and LED's (standard versions as supplied).

Electrical connections SINEAX C 402-1 in housing S17


## SINEAX C 402

Alarm unit

## Electrical connections SINEAX C 402-4 in housing S35




## Dimensional drawings



Fig. 5. SINEAX C 402-1 in housing S17 clipped onto a top-hat rail ( $35 \times 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ or $35 \times 7.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, acc. to EN 50022 ).


Fig. 7. SINEAX C 402-4 in housing S35 clipped onto a top-hat rail ( $35 \times 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ or $35 \times 7.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, acc. to EN 50022 ).


Fig. 6. SINEAX C 402-1 in housing S17, screw hole mounting brackets pulled out.


Fig. 8. SINEAX C 402-4 in housing S35, screw hole mounting brackets pulled out.

## Standard accessories

1 Operating Instructions in three languages: German, French, English
2 Withdrawing handle ( for opening the housing)
2 Labels (under transparent cover)
1 Type Examination Certificate (for instruments in type of protection "Intrinsically safe" only)

## SINEAX C 402

Alarm unit

[^2]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ For power supplies $>125 \mathrm{~V}$, the auxiliary circuit should include an external fuse with a rating $\leq 20$ A DC.

[^1]:    * Lines with letter's under "no-go" cannot be combined with preceding lines having the same letter under "SCODE".

[^2]:    Printed in Switzerland • Subject to change without notice • Edition 01.98 • Data sheet No. C402-1/-4 Le

